Abstract Gitle: (Dalay "*macam*" (like) is '*macam* so KL' (Kuala Lumpur). Evidence of transnational metrolingualism in cosmopolitan (Dalay discourse?

Ghis paper explores the appearances of (Dalay *macam*, which are found in certain (Dalay and (Dalay/English discourse environments in the urban area of Kuala Lumpur. Examples are in (1).

(1) (Dalay/English mixed code (italics = (Dalay))

- a. But er <u>macam</u> every year um.. I dah budget lab, 'But er like every year um.. I already budget,'
- b. I think dia ada satu row er semua ni center, <u>macam</u> row sini row sini semua center berderet.
 'I think it has one row er all in centers, like this row, this row, all lined up in the center.'
- c. Dia nak... Dia nak... ap- kami like <u>macam</u> I say.. cakap ini PU Bahasa Cina right? 'She wants, she wants wha- we like like I say, speak to PU in Chinese right?'

It is shown that a number of extended discourse usages beyond *macam*'s traditional (Dalay ones, are very similar to those for English *like*, e.g., as a quotative, hesitation device, focusing device, etc (see D'Arcy 2008, Dailey-O'Cain 2000 and references therein). Significantly, English *like*, in the sample of conversational data examined here, is also frequently occurring in (Dalay discourse.

It is suggested that such usages are evidence of participation in a transnational global 'mega-trend' language change (Gagliamonte & Judson 1999), where particular linguistic units, often from the hyper-international language, English, display a transnational trajectory of reach (Deverhoff & Niedzielski 2003). Discourse usages of English like, originally a US English feature, is proliferative amongst Englishspeaking populations across the globe. Its appearance has also been noticed in bilingual populations in various locales, e.g., Müller 2005 for German/English, Nestor et al 2012 for Polish speakers of Irish English. Some have argued that in such populations, like and/or its calque, is associated with cosmopolitanism, or in the terminology of Otsuji & Pennycook 2010; also Pennycook & Otsuji 2015), "metrolingual" interactional contexts, where "creative linguistic practices" cross "borders of culture, history and politics". In Kuala Lumpur, English is a lingua franca, and enjoys high social status (Asmah 2012), and discourse macam/like and their frequencies of occurrence of *macam*, may well indicate some level of participation in modernity and cosmopolitan contexts. In addition, an important outcome of this investigation concerns how perhaps we can approach linguistic units that appear in high contact (Dalays such as that used in Kuala Lumpur, i.e., not as discrete language systems but as linguistic practices of speakers who typically use multilingual resources to achieve sociolinguistic aims.

References

Asmah দaji Omar. 2012. Pragmatics of maintaining English in (Dalaysia's education system. In Ee-Ling Low and Azirah Hashim (eds.), *English in Southeast Asia: Features, Policy and Language in Use.* [Varieties of English Around the World], 155-74. Amsterdam/Philadelphia: John Benjamins

Dailey-O'Cain, Jennifer. 2000. The Sociolinguistic Distribution of and Attitudes Toward Focuser *like* and Quotative *like*. *Journal of Sociolinguistics*, 4(1), 60-80

D'Arcy, Alexandra. 2008. Canadian English as a window to the rise of 'like' in discourse. In (D. (Deyer (ed.), *Focus on Canadian English*. heidelberg: Winter. Special issue of *Anglistik (International Journal of English Studies)*, 19(2), 125-140

(Deyerboff, (Diriam & Nancy Niedzielski. 2003. Gbe globalisation of vernacular variation. *Journal of Sociolinguistics*. 7(4), 534-555

(Düller, Simone. 2005. *Discourse (Darkers in Native and Non-native English discourse.* Philadelphia: John Benjamins

Nestor, N., C. Ní Chasaide & V. Regan. 2012. Discourse 'like' and social identity: A case study of Poles in Ireland. In B. Digge & D. Ní Chiosáin (eds.), *New Perspectives on Irish English*, 327-353. Amsterdam: John Benjamins

Otsuji, Emi & Alistair Pennycook. 2010. (Detrolingualism: fixity, fluidity and language in flux. *International Journal of (Dultilingualism.* 7(3), 240-254

Pennycook, Alistair & Emi Otsuji. 2015. *(Detrolingualism. Language in the City.* Oxon/New York: Routledge

Gagliamonte, Sali & Rachel Judson. 1999. Be like et al. beyond America: Ghe quotative system in British and Canadian youth. *Journal of Sociolinguistics*. 3, 147-172